



IMDRF

International Medical
Device Regulators Forum

Software as a Medical Device (SaMD)

Clinical Evaluation

IMDRF/SaMD WG (FD1)/N41: 2017

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NWIE Proposal - Software as a Medical Device (SaMD): Clinical Evaluation

Scope

The document describes a converged approach for planning the process for clinical evaluation of a SaMD.

Rationale

Though current clinical guidance are intended to be relevant across a broad spectrum of technology, SaMD operates in a complex socio-technical environment heavily influenced by the inherent nature of software that enables a highly interactive and iterative technological environment. A majority of the respondents (from the IMDRF survey) either believe current clinical guidance needs to be revised with criteria specific for SaMD, or don't know whether it applies to SaMD.

Alignment with Goals/Objectives

A common understanding on the application of clinical evaluation and clinical evidence processes and the need for clinical data to support market authorization will lead to increased transparency and promoting a converged thinking on this topic.



Goal

International Guidance -- Based on “SaMD category” (level of impact on public health) and unique aspects of software

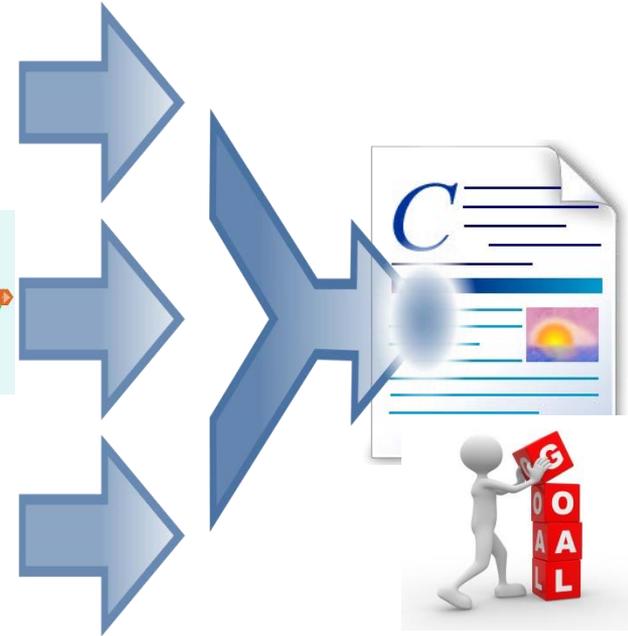
Relevant clinical evaluation methods and processes which can be appropriately used for SaMD to generate clinical evidence



The necessary level of clinical evidence for SaMD and the continuous gathering of evidence through continuous learning from real world performance data

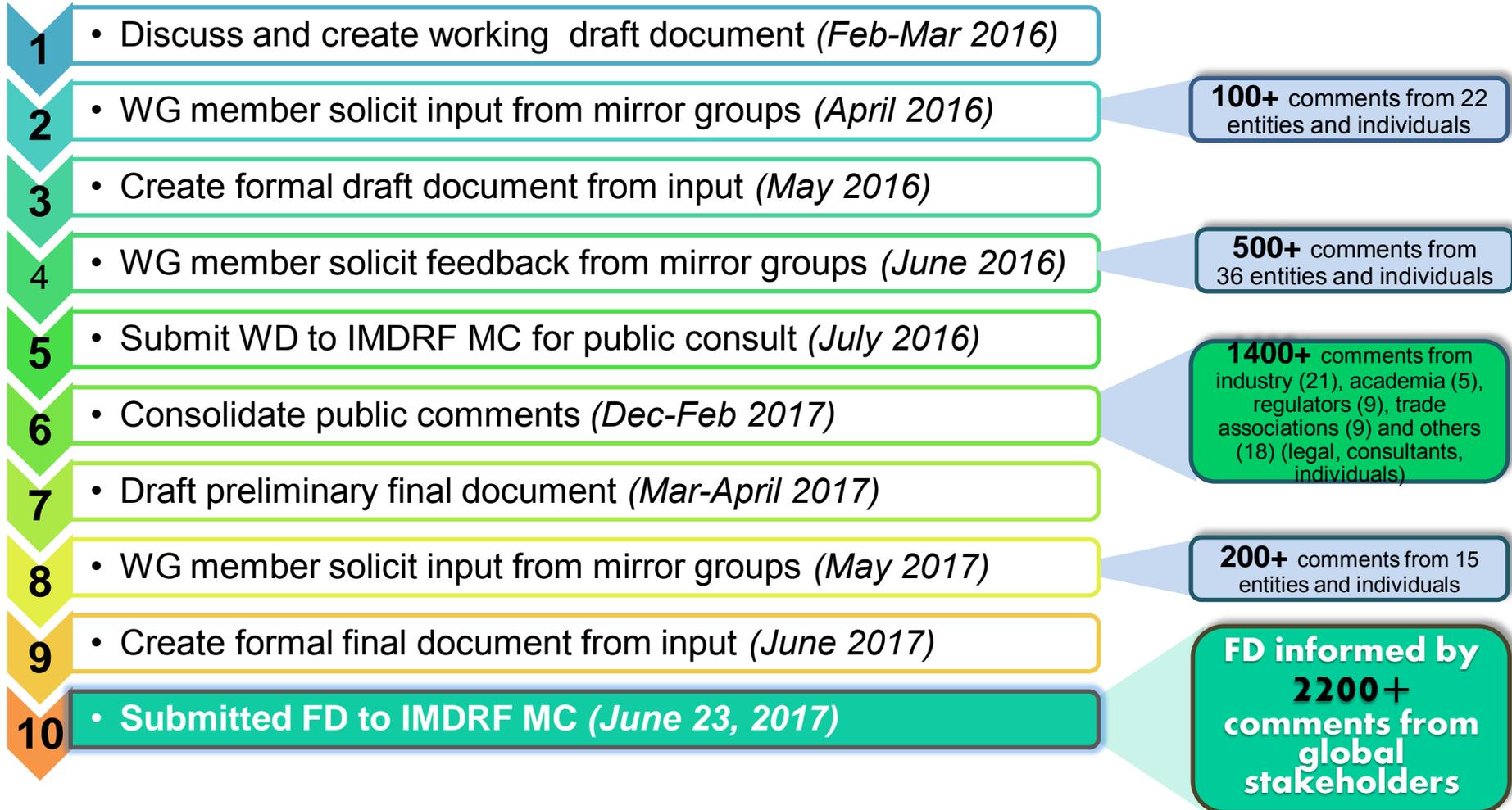


SaMD categories where independent review is more or less important.





Project Summary Timeline





Key Feedback and Changes to Final N41

- Simplify architecture of document
- Streamline content and flow

- Explicitly state that it is not a regulation

- Adopt familiar terms and define them

Final Document:

- ✓ Is 29 pages down from 45 pages
- ✓ Eliminates repetition of concepts
- ✓ Points to prior SaMD documents, GHTF

Document states:

“This guidance, and previous guidances, provides harmonized principles for individual jurisdictions to adopt based on their own regulatory framework. They are not regulations”

The screenshot shows a slide from the final document. At the top, it says 'IMDRF International Medical Device Regulators Forum' and 'Convergence on Vocabulary'. Below that, a dashed box contains a 'WD Public Comment' and a 'Nomenclature' note: 'different terms may be used for same concept, some terms may not be relevant or applicable to SaMD, some terms need to be defined, some terms not defined appropriately'. A blue arrow labeled 'FINAL DOCUMENT' points to a table of terms. The table has three columns: 'Valid Clinical Association', 'Analytical Validation', and 'Clinical Validation'. Each column has a row for 'aka' and a row for the term itself. The terms are Scientific Validity, Technical Validity, and Clinical Performance. At the bottom, it says 'Document uses the following vocabulary referencing commonly used terms' and 'Ottawa, September 2017'.



Final Document Overview

- The document describes a converged approach for planning the process for clinical evaluation of a SaMD to establish that:
 - There is a valid clinical association between the output of a SaMD and the targeted clinical condition; and
 - The SaMD provides the expected technical and clinical data.
- The document recommends that certain SaMD may require independent review of the results of the clinical evaluation to ensure that the SaMD is clinically meaningful to users.
- The document encourages the use of technology to continuously monitor a SaMD to understand and modify software based on real-world performance data.



Clinical Evaluation & Evidence Gathering

Clinical Evaluation

① Valid Clinical Association
aka “Scientific Validity”

+

② Analytical Validation
aka “Technical Validation”

+

③ Clinical Validation
aka “Clinical Performance”

Generate evidence to demonstrate a valid clinical association between a SaMD output and a SaMD’s targeted clinical condition

- **Use existing evidence** (e.g., literature searches, original clinical research, professional society guidelines), or
- **Generate new evidence** (e.g., secondary data analysis, perform clinical trials)

Generate evidence to demonstrate that the SaMD correctly processes input data to generate accurate, reliable, and precise output data

- Generate evidence as part of **quality management system** or **good software engineering practices**

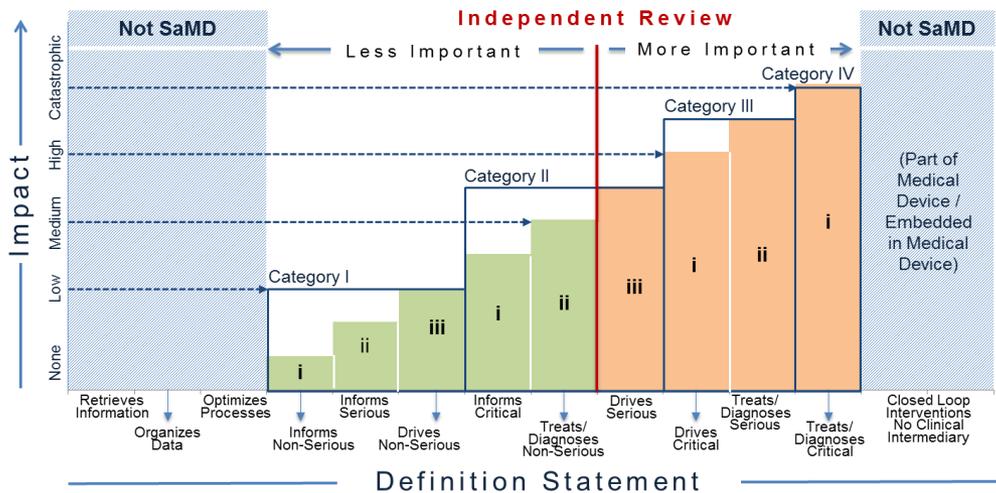
Generate evidence to demonstrate that the SaMD’s accurate, reliable, and precise output data achieves its intended purpose in its target population in the context of clinical care

- Generate evidence that shows:
 - **The SaMD has been tested for its target population and for its intended use;**
 - **Users can achieve clinically meaningful outcomes through predictable and reliable use.**



Importance of Independent Review

The recommendation for independent review highlights where the evidence generated from the clinical evaluation of the SaMD should be reviewed by someone who has not been significantly involved in the development of the SaMD.



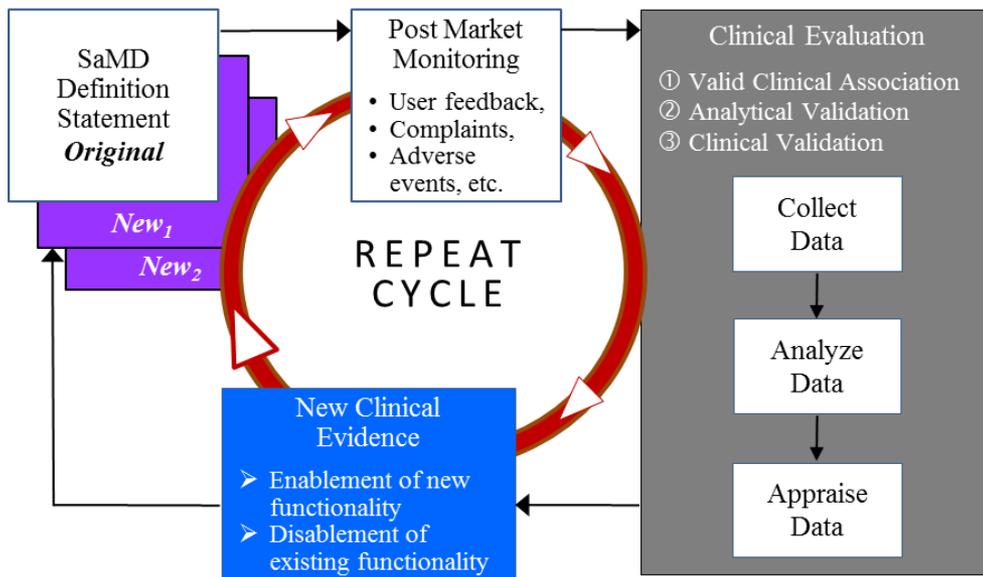
Independent review is more important for SaMD that 'Treats/Diagnoses Serious and Critical' health care situations and conditions and SaMD that 'Drives Critical' health care situations and conditions..

- The level of clinical evaluation and importance of independent review should be commensurate with the risk posed by the SaMD.
- Independent review does not necessarily imply regulatory review but instead demonstrates the concept where independence in review of the results is important.
- Less important independent reviews can be conducted by individuals within the company or by utilizing outside experts.
- 'More important' independent review may be conducted by outside experts, but may also be conducted by "non-conflicted" internal expert reviewers without significant involvement in the development of the SaMD.



Pathway for Continuous Learning Leveraging Real World Performance Data

SaMD manufacturers are encouraged to leverage SaMD's technology capability to capture real world performance data to understand user interactions with the SaMD, and conduct ongoing monitoring of analytical and technical performance to support future intended uses.



1. Additional clinical data is gathered.
2. The data may create and support new intended use(s).
3. The SaMD manufacturer will update the clinical evaluation and generate a new definition statement.
4. Cycle repeats for future iterations.



Recommended Next Steps

For the global healthcare community to see the full potential of digital health technologies, individual jurisdictions must lean forward, re-examine current regulatory tools, and adopt the principles set forth in this SaMD clinical evaluation document and in previous documents.

Benefits Realization:

- Encourage clinically focused good software engineering practices
- Global consistency and clarity on SaMD regulatory expectations
- Drive efficient and effective regulatory practices for SaMD
- Focus on higher risk SaMD functionality and attributes
- Enable patient's with access to safe and effective technology and innovation
- Build global trust and confidence in SaMD

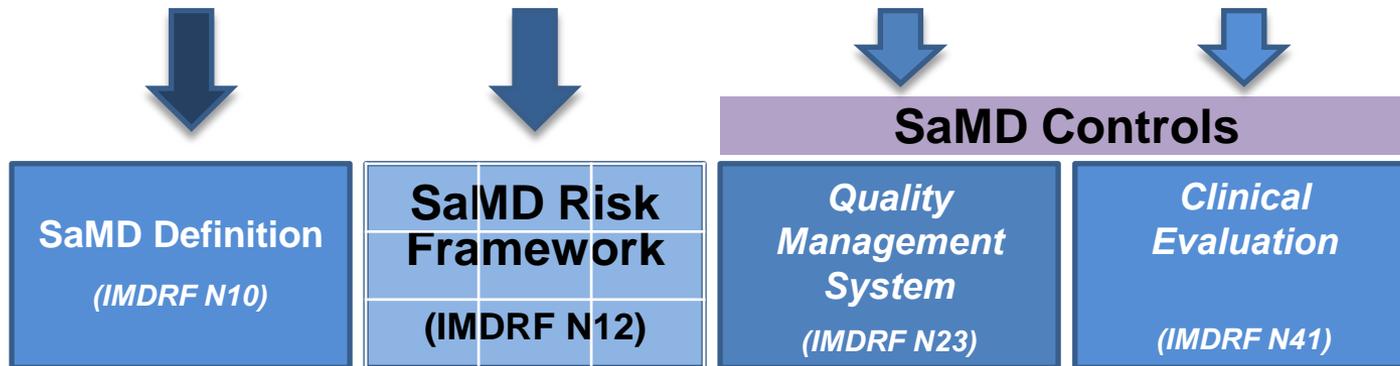


Building blocks in place for individual jurisdiction's regulatory implementation

Goal - A Converged SaMD Framework and Associated Controls

Prioritized Building Blocks

Strategy – Create building blocks that contribute to the goal



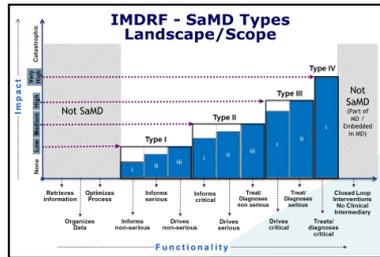
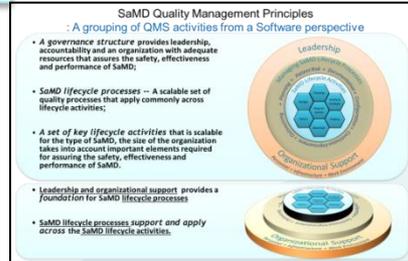
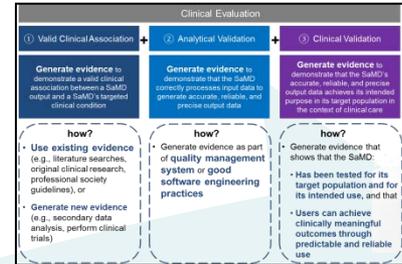
Each regulatory jurisdiction implements using converged IMDRF principles

Regulatory implementation according to the regulatory process in application in the respective jurisdictions



IMDRF International Medical Device Regulators Forum

On a path towards global convergence



Software as a Medical Device
IMDRF/WG/10 FINAL 2013

Definition
Software intended to be used for one or more medical purposes that perform these purposes without being part of a hardware medical device



2013 Foundational vocabulary

2014 – Risk framework based on impact to patients

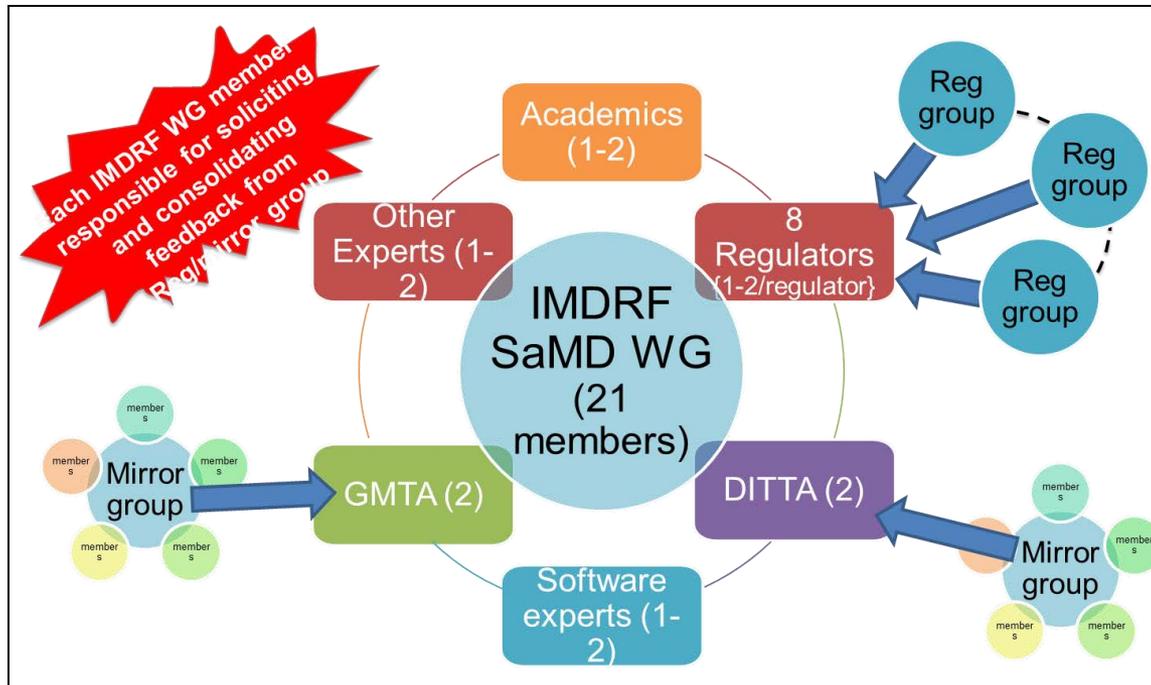
2015 – QMS control
→ Translating Software development practices to regulatory QMS



SaMD – Clinical Evaluation
→ Generating evidence for clinically meaningful SaMD



Thank you to all who contributed to this and prior SaMD documents



"We would like to express our appreciation to the IMDRF Working Group for their consideration and responsiveness to the comments submitted by AdvaMed and others. The guidance has been dramatically improved in clarity, content, graphical representation, and general organization. With the multitude of comments submitted, it is obvious that the Working Group expended a tremendous amount of effort to review and respond to the many suggestions. The addition of examples throughout the document is very helpful in understanding the intent of the guidance."