



IMDRF
International Medical Device
Regulators Forum

EU2023
EUROPEAN UNION
Chair

08:40 – 08:55

Australia



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European
Union

Regulatory Update - Australia

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Overview

- **An Action Plan for Medical Devices**
 - Reforms since June 2021 (snapshot only)
- **EU MDR Impact**
- **COVID-19**
- **TGA Strategic Activities**
- **TGA Transformation Program - Purpose**
- **IMDRF Participation**



An Action Plan for Medical Devices

Continues to guide medical device reforms that:

- strengthen our regulatory system
- remains patient focused
- provides greater transparency: and
- increases public confidence in Australia's medical device regulatory system.

Also takes account of international harmonisation efforts.

The three strategies in the Action Plan are:

1. Pre-market medical device reforms - improve how new devices get on the market
2. Post-market medical device reforms - strengthen monitoring and follow-up of devices already in use (focus for 2022-2024)
3. Consumer focused reforms - provide more information to patients about the devices they use



Australian Government

The safety of Australian patients comes first

An Action Plan for Medical Devices

Improving Australia's medical device regulatory framework



April 2019



Australian Government
Department of Health
Therapeutic Goods Administration

[An Action Plan for Medical Devices | Therapeutic Goods Administration \(TGA\)](#)

[Action Plan for Medical Devices - Progress Report Card: December 2022](#)

Strategy 1: Pre-market medical device reforms

- ❖ **15 public consultations undertaken; 25 guidances published**
- ❖ **Personalised medical devices (PMD)**
 - New framework commenced in 2021, impacts more than 10,000 stakeholders previously manufacturing custom-made devices. Focus has now shifted to point-of-care manufacturing
- ❖ **Software-based medical devices**
 - Clarification, refinements and “carve outs” commenced in 2021, focus on an adaptive approach to regulation
 - Specialist unit established to increase capacity in assessing and monitoring
- ❖ **Reclassification of certain devices**
 - Eg: mesh, spinal devices, devices that come into contact with the central nervous system – devices not able to transition are cancelled from the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (ARTG)
- ❖ **Australian conformity assessment bodies (Australian CABs)**
 - Australian corporations can apply to become an Australian CAB for medical devices
- ❖ **Nanomaterials**
 - Regulatory amendments define nanomaterials and make explicit the requirement to minimise risks associated with nanomaterials, but (unlike the EU MDR) do not add nanomaterials characteristics to the classification rules.



Strategy 1: Pre-market medical device reforms (Cont.)

❖ Streamlining processes and timeframes

- Global benchmarking of conformity assessment timeframes
- Development of new risk based application audit/review approach rather than mandatory approach
- Recognition of other regulators and mutual recognition agreements

❖ Clinical trials

- Proposed involvement by TGA for very high risk devices

❖ Changes to the Medical Device Regulations

- Changes to the Therapeutic Goods (Medical Devices) Regulations



Strategy 2: Post-market medical device reforms

- ❖ **Undertaken 4 public consultations; will be our focus until 2024-25**
- ❖ **Review of adverse event reporting arrangements**
 - Improvements to reporting forms, processes and internal TGA analysis processes
 - Changes to existing exemptions
 - Mandatory reporting by hospitals – required change to primary legislation and partnership with other governments and agencies to implement in coming 3 years
 - Introduction of a pilot vigilance program including self-assessment tool, desk top review and onsite inspection
- ❖ **Review of recall processes**
 - Including greater transparency of supply chains; simplified terminology; ability to share information quicker
- ❖ **Targeted reviews of specific kinds of devices**
 - Established dedicated team, examples include spinal cord stimulators, metal backed patella, RATs
- ❖ **Implementation of Unique Device Identification system**
 - Australian UDI “test” database (AusUDID) with 400 users including manufacturers, healthcare stakeholders; established Technical Working Group; webinar program; regulatory changes currently being finalised, including voluntary and mandatory compliance dates
 - Two “Early Adopter” projects to assess adoption and benefits of UDI in healthcare (hospital) settings



Strategy 3: Consumer focused reforms

❖ Five working groups with consumer representation have been established

Eg: Medical Device Consumer Working Group

- 21 health consumer organisations engaged to progress the Action Plan for Medical Devices reforms
- Developed a range of consumer-focused products about medical devices eg: Five things to ask your health professional before you get a medical implant
- Review of website materials and processes for consumer engagement, including co-development of fact sheets (eg: software fact sheets) and adverse event reporting forms and processes
- Feedback on electronic IFUs for consumer facing medical devices
- Feedback on selected Patient Information Leaflets

Eg: Women's Health Products Working Group

- Advice to the Minister and the TGA on the regulation of health products that relate to women's health

❖ Patient information Leaflets (PILs) and Patient Implant Cards (PICs)

- In place since 2021 for implantable medical devices – building a repository on TGA website. Some implementation challenges at hospitals distributing/providing to patients.

Impact of European Union Medical Device Regulations (EU MDR)

Significant impacts as most marketing approvals (above class I) in Australia is based on EU certification:

- ❖ **EU MDR Transition:** The TGA has implemented streamlined arrangements to manage the transition for devices supplied in Australia.
- ❖ **Transition extension:** Australian transitions are generally 6 months after the EU – need to seek Government approval to account for recent extension arrangements
- ❖ **Reclassifications:** medical devices subjected to reclassification may not meet transitional timeframes in Australia due to the EU MDR transition extension. Extending transitional timeframes requires Australian Government approval. A streamlined process for managing the change is being explored.
- ❖ **Unique Device Identifier (UDI):** Australia implementing and seeking alignment with both EU and USA
- ❖ **Mutual Recognition Agreement:** TGA unable to issue MRA certification until MRA updated (subject to negotiation with EU)
- ❖ **In Vitro Diagnostic Regulations (IVDR):** EU IVD certification is also recognised in Australia. We are updating our streamlined arrangements to account for the IVDR transition in the EU and looking at options for further alignment.



COVID-19 update

❖ COVID-19 rapid antigen tests

- November 2021, legislation amendment to enable supply of COVID-19 self tests (111 approved)
- Validation laboratory testing of 94 approved tests – results published on website for wildtype, delta and omicron variants
- Focus is combination Rapid Antigen Tests that detect Flu and COVID (7 approved)

❖ Disinfectant products making COVID-19 claims or residual activity

- Legislative instruments to clarify the regulation of borderline products and published guidance
- Regulations amended to include specific test requirements that must be used to support claims of residual activity



❖ COVID-19 Lessons and Changes



- Class I inclusion process revised to require upfront submission of evidence for devices that are integral to COVID-19 response



- Emphasised life cycle approach to approval and ongoing monitoring of emerging risks in pre-market and post-market

- Stronger emphasis on communication with Stakeholders:

- Industry



- publishing new and targeted guidance/checklists and webinars for preparing applications, collecting evidence and meeting ongoing obligations



- targeted guidance and webinars to aid in promoting sovereign manufacturing



- State and Territory, government, international regulators – instigated regular meetings and channels for sharing information

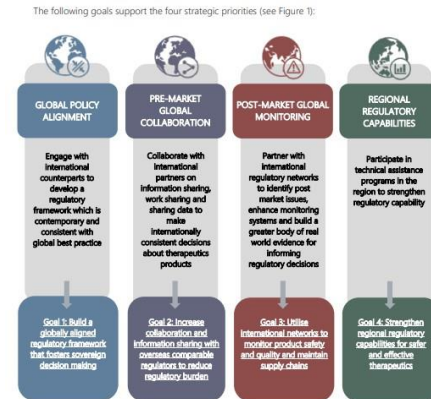
- Consumers and general public – increased reach and interaction through traditional and social media

TGA Strategic Activities

❖ Strategic priorities – set out in our International Engagement Strategy

Focus on four strategic priorities to foster international partnerships:

- Global policy alignment
- Pre-market global collaboration
- Post-market global monitoring
- Regional regulatory capabilities



 Australian Government
Department of Health
Therapeutic Goods Administration



Therapeutic Goods Administration
International Engagement Strategy 2021-2025

Advancing Australia's health
through international regulatory engagement

❖ Mechanisms to facilitate international engagement

- Mutual Recognition Agreements and Memoranda of Understanding
- Free Trade Agreements and International treaties

TGA Transformation Program - Purpose

- reduce regulatory burden by making it easier and simpler to do business with the TGA
- modernised and streamlined websites to access regulatory information
- a new single portal for regulatory and reimbursement applications
- improved data quality in databases and better search facilities for the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (ARTG), recalls and adverse events databases



IMDRF Participation

IMDRF Member since 2012 ; IMDRF Chair and Secretariat in 2022

Participating in the following IMDRF Working Groups

- Adverse Event Terminology
- Artificial Intelligence Medical Devices
- Good Regulatory Review Practices
- Medical Device Cybersecurity Guide
- Personalized Medical Devices (WG Chair)
- Regulated Product Submission
- Software as a Medical Device
- Medical Devices Single Review Program

