

Conformity Assessment in Practice: Industry Challenges and Opportunities

Proposals for Discussion

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How can we enhance patient access and deliver new medical technologies to the market through improving conformity assessment process?

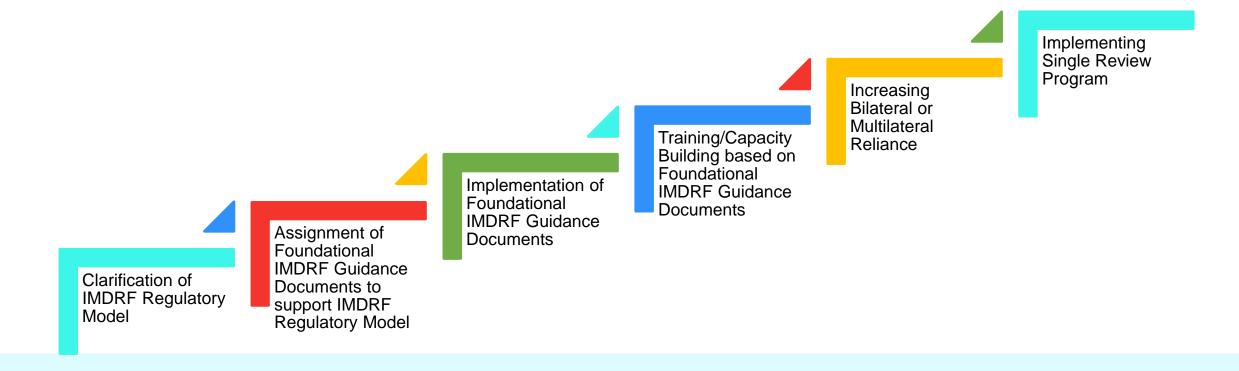
Conformity Assessment Element		Discussion Points/Proposals		
Conformity Assessment for QMS	QMS	 Broader acceptance of MDSAP audit results among regulatory authorities. 		
	Post-market surveillance	 In Session 3, PMS will be discussed. In Session 4, RWE will be discussed. 		
Conformity Assessment for Device Safety & Performance	Technical Documentation	 In Session 2, Classification will be discussed. In Session 4, RWE will be discussed. Developing Guidance explaining the regulatory model and its relationship with the IMDRF Foundational Guidance Documents. Developing Mapping Consensus International Standards into Essential Principle Improving Implementation for International Standards into National Standards and Recognition consensus standards in Regulations Developing Reviewing Criteria, and then Starting pilot study for Class B or C in some jurisdictions. Align Change Management 		





How can we improve conformity assessment process to enhance patient access and accelerate the delivery of new medical technologies to the market?

<u>Developing Roadmap toward a single review program or the other regulatory convergence.</u>

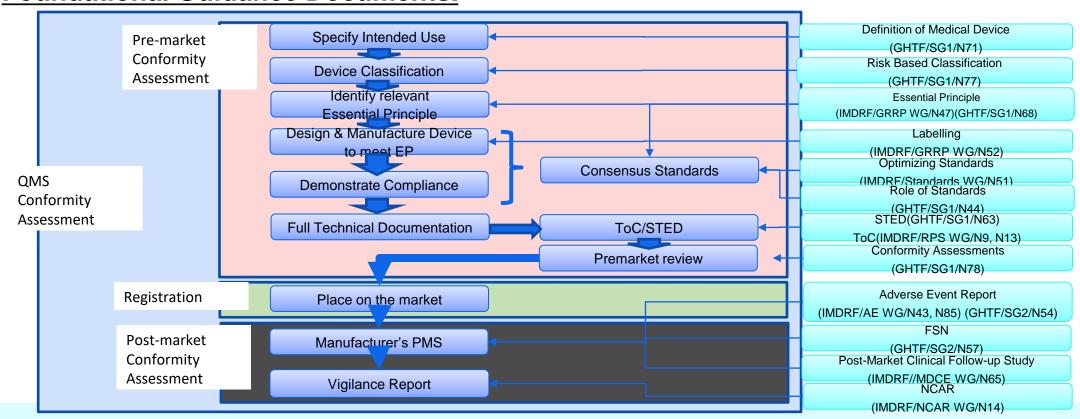






How can we align Conformity Assessment Process with Harmonized Regulatory Model and IMDRF/GHTF Foundational Doc?

<u>Developing Guidance to explain the regulatory model and its relationship to the IMDRF Foundational Guidance Documents.</u>







How can we harmonize the reviewing criteria for premarket conformity assessment?

Developing Consensus on International Standards to Essential Principle

5.Genera	I principles	Applicable	Medical Devices/IVD	
5.1	General	/Not Applicable	standard or other procedure applied	
5.1	 5.1.1. Medical devices and IVD medical devices should achieve the performance intended by their manufacturer and should be designed and manufactured in such a way that, during intended conditions of use, they are suitable for their intended purpose. They should be safe and perform as intended, should have risks that are acceptable when weighed against the benefits to the patient, and should not compromise the clinical condition or the safety of patients, or the safety and health of users or, where applicable, other persons. 5.1.2. Manufacturers should establish, implement, document and maintain a risk management system to ensure the ongoing quality, safety and performance of the medical device and IVD medical device. Risk management should be understood as a continuous iterative process throughout the entire lifecycle of a medical device and IVD medical device, requiring regular systematic updating. In carrying out risk management manufacturers should: 	Applicable	ISO13485 ISO14971	We need
		Applicable	ISO14155	Mapping or How to apply consensus Standards
	a. establish and document a risk management plan covering each medical device and IVD medical device;			As review criteria
	b. identify and analyze the known and foreseeable hazards associated with each medical device and IVD medical device;			





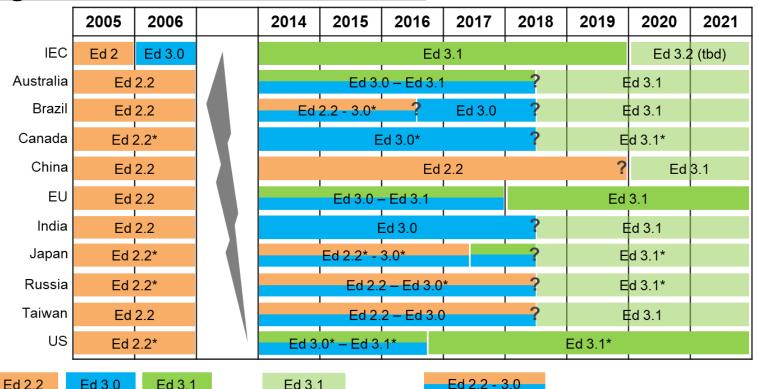
How can we harmonize the implementation timing and transition periods for international standards across jurisdictions?

Improving the Implementation for International Standards into National Standards and Strengthening the regulatory recognision of consensus standards.

E.g.; <Case Study Transition Problem>
Medical device manufacturers
encountered significant challenges during
the transition from the 2nd to the 3rd
edition of IEC 60601-1 in 2015.

Ref; Maurizio Andreano's presentation in DITTA Workshop with IMDRF 2015

* National deviations may apply Information without guarantee







How can we harmonize the implementation timing and transition periods for international standards across jurisdictions?

We will face significant challenges during the transition from IEC 60601-1 Edition 3 to Edition 4 again.

Manufacturers burden increases as follows.

1. Regulatory Alignment Across Markets

- Manufacturers must navigate multiple compliance paths for different markets.
- Some devices require dual certification (complying with both editions for different regions).
- Risk of market access delays if devices are not compliant with the new edition in certain regions.

2. Re-Certification Costs & Extended Compliance Burdens

- Higher financial burden for companies selling in multiple jurisdictions.
- Regulatory delays due to waiting for approvals from various countries.
- Increased resource allocation to manage different sets of compliance.

3. Documentation & Submission Complexity

• Increased need for regulatory affairs personnel to manage different submission processes.





How can we align the deviation of classification rule such as SaMD or AI/ML Medical Device across jurisdictions?

Please discuss this issue in Session #2

- While most countries classify conventional basic products according to GHTF Risk-based classification principles(GHTF/SG1/N77:2012), the application of these rules varies for new technologies.
- 2. For product groups in Rule 13, SaMD, and AI/ML devices, some jurisdictions differ in their interpretation of applying Rule 10 (for active devices), especially regarding exclusion criteria.
- 3. These differences negatively impact efforts to expand reliance and improve early patient access.





How can we align the deviation of use of Real World Evidence in conformity assessment across jurisdictions?

Please discuss this issue in Session #4

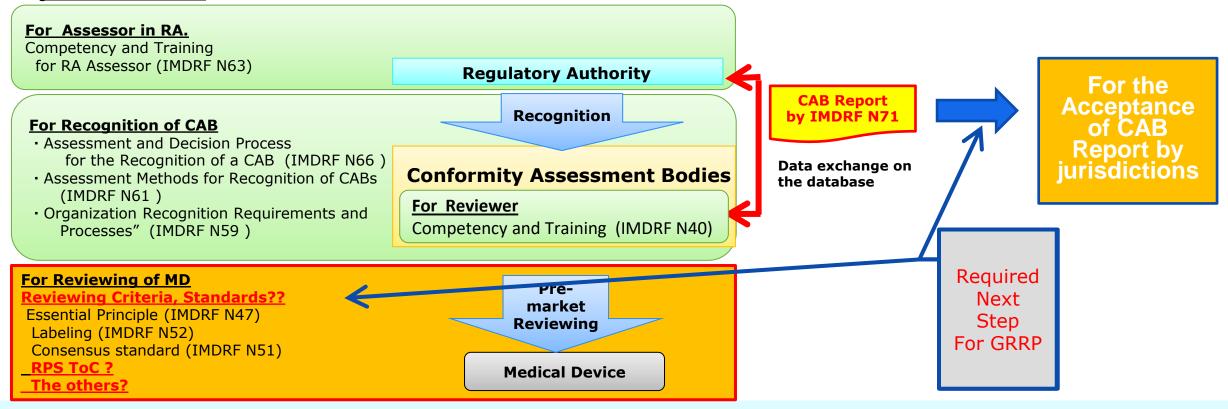
- 1. What common barriers to RWE acceptance remain, and how can regulators, industry, and other stakeholders work together to overcome them?
- 2. What is needed to advance the regulatory use of RWD/RWE?
- 3. "Fit for purpose" in RWE relationship between study question, data quality, and analytical methods.





How can we start the single review program based on CAB systems by IMDRF GRRP guidance documents?

<u>Developing Reviewing Criteria, and then Starting pilot study for Class B or C in some jurisdictions.</u>







How can we align change management in conformity assessment for premarket.

Explore product change requirements, discuss international best practices.

- 1. Conformity Assessment Guidance (GHTF/SG1/N78:2012) is not covered change management. Just now, IMDRF SaMD WG is developing Predetermined Change Control Plan.
- 2. Definitions of product changes (significant vs non-significant or other language) and regulator review triggers prior to introduction to the market vary greatly across jurisdictions.
- 3. This results in significant complexity when managing requirements in multiple jurisdictions & may not be risk-based.
- 4. Diverse regulatory approaches can confuse relying agencies and make it difficult to practice post-market reliance.





How can we align Efficient Post-market conformity assessment.

<u>Improving post-market surveillance. Please discuss this issue in Session #3</u>

- 1. IMDRF/GHTF Guidance for NCAR, AET were applied post-market surveillance activities.
- 2. Adverse event reporting gaps and missing data?
- 3. Implementation for Data analytic tools.
- 4. Enhance patient safety by improving post-market surveillance activities.



Thank you/Questions

